

Biodegradable Innovative Packaging: A Sustainable Solutions for Food Shelf Life Extension

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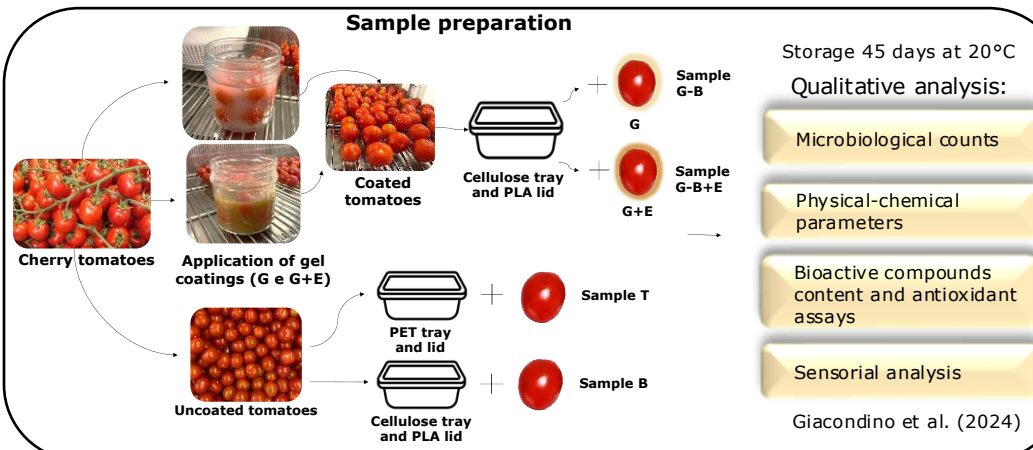
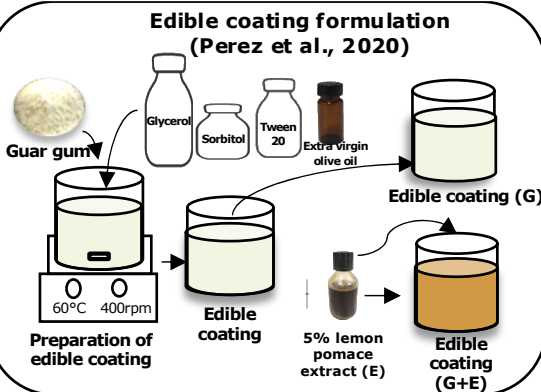
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INTRODUCTION

Nowadays, food industry is looking for solutions that can combine maintaining product quality and extending shelf life. Tomato (*Solanum lycopersicum* L.) fruits are on the basis of the Mediterranean diet; their climacteric nature makes them susceptible to rapid spoilage. Among the potential methods to control the shelf life of cherry tomatoes, biodegradable packaging materials and edible gel coatings are an interesting sustainable option to replace conventional plastic polymers, which are widely used for packaging fresh produce. Furthermore, bioactive compounds could be added to coatings through extraction from agri-food by-products as a sustainable way to improve and reduce food waste and limit environmental impact. This approach could contribute to extending the shelf life of the fruit and enhance the use of a by-product extract with a green approach (Naeem et al., 2018).

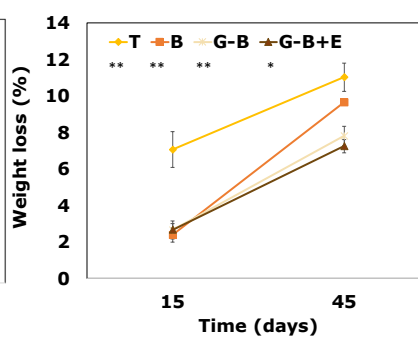
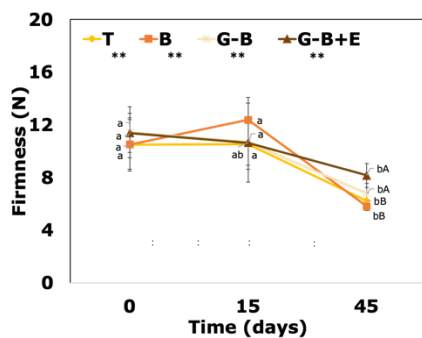
MATERIALS AND METHODS



RESULTS

Table 1 Antioxidant characterization of lemon pomace extract.

Parameter	Value
TPC (mg GAE mL ⁻¹)	7.73 ± 0.09
TFC (mg CE mL ⁻¹)	3.19 ± 0.0
ABTS (mmol TE L ⁻¹)	13.19 ± 5.02
DPPH (mmol TE L ⁻¹)	3.24 ± 0.16
Eriocitrin (mg L ⁻¹)	879.35 ± 18.98
Esperidin (mg L ⁻¹)	332.56 ± 21.00



Total microbial count (Log CFU g⁻¹):

- G-B and G-B + E (around 2.8)
- B and T (3.0–3.25).

Figure 3 Changes in cherry tomatoes firmness during storage.*

Figure 4 Changes in cherry tomatoes weight loss during storage

Coated tomatoes showed less changes in firmness and weight loss.

Table 2 Antioxidant activity and organic acid content of cherry tomatoes during storage*

Time (days)	T	B	G-B	G-B+E	Sign.
ABTS (μmol TE 100 g⁻¹ FW)					
0	139.93 ± 7.98 ^{ab}	136.82 ± 7.83 ^{bb}	148.43 ± 9.35 ^{bb}	189.35 ± 5.41 ^{aA}	**
15	126.02 ± 9.06 ^{bb}	117.52 ± 0.42 ^{bc}	149.65 ± 6.43 ^{bb}	160.01 ± 2.29 ^{ab}	**
45	157.82 ± 2.89 ^{ba}	193.59 ± 2.75 ^A	200.98 ± 0.38 ^A	198.99 ± 3.84 ^A	**
Sign.	*	**	**	**	**
DPPH (μmol TE 100 g⁻¹ FW)					
0	53.50 ± 4.28 ^A	52.3 ± 3.97	53.99 ± 3.98	56.73 ± 1.78	ns
15	49.24 ± 0.66 ^{AB}	44.9 ± 5.00	49.71 ± 5.43	54.92 ± 2.97	ns
45	41.68 ± 2.37 ^{bb}	53.18 ± 2.2 ^A	58.20 ± 3.27 ^A	54.27 ± 1.00 ^A	**
Sign.	*	ns	ns	ns	**
Citric Acid (mg 100 g⁻¹ FW)					
0	419.57 ± 14.58 ^A	398.06 ± 14.58 ^A	432.21 ± 15.63 ^A	420.83 ± 8.03 ^A	ns
15	397.58 ± 7.50 ^A	355.87 ± 1.18 ^B	382.66 ± 0.35 ^B	371.39 ± 1.58 ^B	ns
45	75.33 ± 3.48 ^{cb}	100.36 ± 3.06 ^{abc}	114.24 ± 7.04 ^{ac}	98.73 ± 1.68 ^{bc}	**
Sign.	**	**	**	**	**
Ascorbic acid (mg 100 g⁻¹ FW)					
0	20.45 ± 0.43	20.63 ± 0.33 ^A	19.32 ± 0.48	19.14 ± 0.22 ^A	ns
15	18.70 ± 1.05	18.00 ± 0.07 ^B	18.13 ± 3.41	17.13 ± 0.27 ^B	ns
45	19.53 ± 0.00 ^A	17.60 ± 0.41 ^{abB}	20.51 ± 3.56 ^A	10.51 ± 0.11 ^{bc}	*
Sign.	ns	*	ns	**	**

At time 0, the antioxidant assay and the total polyphenol content present $r = 0.883$ while at time 45 $r = 0.908$ for lycopene and $r = 0.933$ for citric acid content.

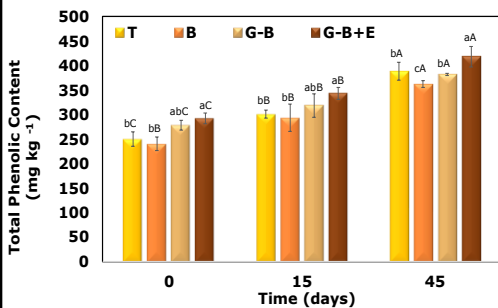


Figure 1 Total Phenolic Content of cherry tomatoes during storage.*

G-B+E showed a significant increase in phenol content.

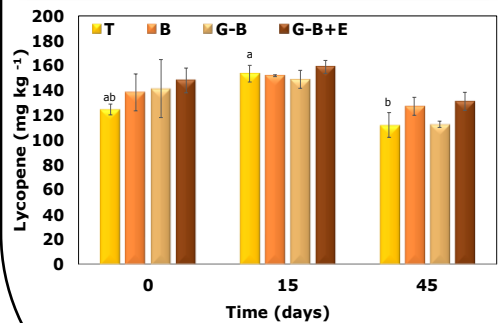


Figure 2 Lycopene content of cherry tomatoes during storage.*

*Small and capital letters show significant differences as assessed by Tukey's post hoc test.

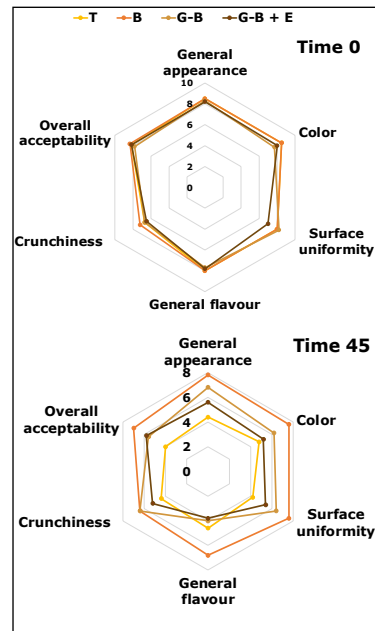


Figure 5 Sensory parameters of cherry tomatoes.

Samples T packed in PET showed a sensory unacceptability (<4.5) after 45 days.

CONCLUSION

Both the tested combinations of edible gel coating + bio-based packaging proved to be effective in maintaining the overall quality of cherry tomatoes for 45 days, offering a promising approach to reduce plastic polymer use. The lemon pomace extract resulted to be a valid bioactive additive for coated cherry tomatoes up to 45 days.

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